Loligo media, var.—easily distinguished by its greater proportionate length of body, and by the shortness of its tentacula, from the true *L. Media*; in the form of the fin ternating its mantle, it strongly resembles *Loligo subulata*. A few specimens, obtained on the coast of Down by the late J. Montgomery, Esq., were submitted to Mr. Ball's inspection by W. Thompson, Esq.\*

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## MISCELLANEOUS.

# ON DATISCA CANNABINA AND IMPREGNATION.

Dr. Fresenius has observed that in *Datisca cannabina*, when female plants remain isolated, they are able nevertheless to produce ripe fruit in abundance; and he thinks he is justified in concluding that this and other purely female forms are, in the absence of male organs, endowed with the capability of developing, by a purely vegetative process, the highest vital product, the terminal bud. In the summer of 1837 a female specimen of the above plant in the Frankfort botanical garden, developed a stem from its root which now bears male flowers also.—*Linnæa*, Part III. 1839.

### ON A NEW GENUS OF CEPHALOPODA.

M. Eschricht has given in the Transactions of the Academy of Copenhagen a description of a highly remarkable Cephalopod from Jacobshavn, in Greenland, as a new genus, under the name Cirroteuthis Mülleri, with the following character: "Octopus suctoriis minimis unam seriem in quovis brachio formantibus; brachiis cir-

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